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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/684,634	10/10/2000	Yoshihisa Usami	Q58611		
7:	590 10/04/2002		-		
Sughrue Mion Zinn MacPeak & Seas P L L C			EXAMINER		
	ania Avenue N W C 20037-3213		VARGOT, M	AATHIEU D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1732	ລ	
			DATE MAILED: 10/04/2002	∑	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No. Applicant(s)					
Office Asking Commission	09/684,634	Group Art Unit				
Office Action Summary						
	M. VIARGE		1732			
-The MAILING DATE of this communication appears of	on the cover sheet be	neath the co	nrespondence ad	ldress—		
Period for Reply	5					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE 3	MONTH(S	S) FROM THE MA	ILING DATE		
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply find period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturent adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	ly within the statutory mini expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro te, cause the application to	imum of thirty (3 m the mailing d o become ABAI	30) days will be considered this communic NDONED (35 U.S.C. §	dered timely. ation. 133).		
Statu						
☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on				· ·		
☐ This action is FINAL.						
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 1 1; 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
Xi Claim(s) — 1 9 Of the above claim(s) — 9	is/are p	is/are pending in the application.				
Of the above claim(s) 7	is/are v	$_{-}$ is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
☐ Clạim(s)	is/are a	_ is/are allowed.				
X Claim(s) 2-8, 10 + 11	is/are n	_ is/are rejected.				
□ Claim(s)	is/are o	_ is/are objected to.				
□ Claim(s)						
Application Papers	•	require				
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	• •	☐ disapprove	ed.			
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner						
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d)						
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)–(d).						
X All □ Some* □ None of the:						
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received						
in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))						
*Certified copies not received:				·		
Attachment(s)						
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper N (s	terview Sumr	view Summary, PTO-413				
☐ Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892 ☐ Notice			e f Informal Patent Application, PTO-152			
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revi w, PTO-948 ☐ Other						
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Office Action Summary

Application/Control Number: 09/684,634 Page 2

Art Unit: 1732

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

 Claims 1 and 9, drawn to an information recording medium, classified in class 428, subclass 64.1.

II. Claims 2-8, 10 and 11, drawn to a method of manufacturing an information recording medium, classified in class 264, subclass 1.33.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because:

Inventions II and I are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product as claimed can be made by drying the recording layer by methods other than using a clean air flow during rotation --for instance, the recording layer can be uniformly heated in an oven for a brief period of time.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Mr. Mexic on February 22, 2002 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group II, claims 2-8, 10 and 11.

Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 1

Application/Control Number: 09/684,634

Art Unit: 1732

and 9 have been withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

2. Claims 2-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 2, last line, the term "narrow" is a relative term subject to various interpretations and hence renders the claims vague and indefinite. Applicant is requested to provide some qualification and/or clarification for this term.

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2, 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art as set forth in the passages bridging pages 3 and 4 and pages 4 and 5 of the instant specification.

Applicant admits in the passage bridging pages 3 and 4 that it is known in the art to dry the recording layer by rotating the substrate at high speed and flow clean air toward the recording layer, further stating "when the intake... is wide..." (see page 3, last two lines). Given that the term "narrow" in claim 2 is subject to various interpretations, it is submitted that, at the very least, the instant claim is obvious over the admitted prior art. In the passage bridging pages 4 and 5,

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 09/684,634

Art Unit: 1732

applicant also admits that employing two dye application mechanisms for one molding machine is known in the prior art. This would indicate that the ratio n/m would be equal to 2. It is submitted

that reducing this ratio to a number less than 2 would have been obvious dependent on molding

cycle time and duty expected for the applicator machines. The exact number of such machines

being employed per molding apparatus would have been within the skill level of the art dependent

on cycle time required for the coating and simply would not constitute patentable subject matter.

Hence, instant claims 10 and 11 are obvious over the prior art.

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. Slater et al discloses a cooling carousel for optical disks and Hayashi et al a cooling

device for injection molded articles. Satoh (see Example 12 and Fig. 4B) shows the instant

laminated disk. Kanome also teaches laminated disks. Motokawa et al teaches injection molding

to make a substrate for an optical disk and bonding the substrates together.

5. Applicant is requested to provide references which disclose the closest prior art

concerning the clean air drying.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to M. Vargot whose telephone number is 703 308-2621.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308-0661.

M. Vargot

MATHIEU D. VARGOT PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1300 Page 4

September 29, 2002